VILLAGE OF INNISFREE
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2019



# MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgment is required.

In discharging its responsibility for the integrity and fairness of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting systems and related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are authorized, assets are safeguarded, and financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements.

The elected Mayor and Council of the Village of Innisfree are composed entirely of individuals who are neither management nor employees of the Village. The Mayor and Council have the responsibility of meeting with management and the external auditors to discuss the internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters, and financial reporting issues. The Mayor and Council are also responsible for the appointment of the Village's external auditors.

Metrix Group LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, have been appointed by the Village's Council to express an opinion on the Village's financial statements and report directly to them. The external auditors have full and free access to and meet periodically and separately with both the Mayor and Council and management to discuss their audit findings.

Ms. Brooke Magosse Chief Administrative Officer

Innisfree, Alberta September 15, 2020



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of the Village of Innisfree

# **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Village of Innisfree (the "Village"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public section accounting standards.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

The Village derives revenue from user fee charges for the use of recreactional facilities. The completeness of of the revenue is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Village. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to sales and user charges, annual surplus (deficit), and cash flows from operations for the year ended December 31, 2019, financial assets and accumulated surplus as at December 31, 2019.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Village in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

# Other Matter

The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on August 9, 2019.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Village's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Village or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Village's financial reporting process.

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Independent Auditors' Report to the Councillors of Village of Innisfree (continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Village's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Village's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Village to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

METRIX GROUP LLP

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Edmonton, Alberta September 15, 2020

# VILLAGE OF INNISFREE Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2019

		2019		2018 (Restated) (Note 17)
FINANCIAL ACCETS				
FINANCIAL ASSETS  Cash	\$	272,975	\$	393,746
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (Note 2)	Ψ	155,685	Ψ	153,795
Trade and other receivables		63,475		55,462
Due from other governments (Note 3)		636,171		447,907
Other financial assets		20		20
	-	1,128,326		1,050,930
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		57,422		121,960
Deferred revenue (Note 5)		568,675		357,769
Landfill closure and post-closure costs (Note 6)		97,549		140,331
	-	723,646		620,060
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	<u> </u>	404,680		430,870
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 3)		3,371,127		3,513,277
Prepaid expenses		565		5,913
		3,371,692		3,519,190
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 8)	\$	3,776,372	\$	3,950,060

CONTINGENT LIABILITY (Note 10)

COMMITMENT (Note 11)

SUBSEQUENT EVENT (Note 12)

ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL

Councillor

# VILLAGE OF INNISFREE Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		2019 (Budget) (Note 15)	2019 (Actual)	2018 (Restated) (Note 17)
REVENUES  Net municipal taxes (Schedule 1) Sales and user charges Government transfers for operating (Schedule 2) Franchise and concession contracts (Note 9) Penalties and costs on taxes Other Rentals Investment income	\$	249,268 248,875 92,106 40,000 17,975 1,850 5,100 3,000	\$ 250,389 231,673 100,040 38,649 29,324 10,978 6,191 2,579	\$ 245,115 230,401 83,899 37,277 35,681 22,978 6,955 4,339 666,645
EXPENSES  Transportation Administration Water supply and distribution Waste water treatment and disposal Protective services Recreation Planning and development Waste management Legislative Culture Family and community support		189,580 150,130 180,340 54,875 40,585 31,035 500 43,875 17,770 4,925 2,100	283,923 205,562 159,374 73,548 54,049 39,803 15,580 12,083 11,422 8,605 1,838	165,917 223,219 155,643 77,340 41,834 36,706 - 50,620 13,235 11,558 3,680
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE OTHER INCOME		(57,541)	(195,964)	(113,107)
OTHER INCOME Government transfers for capital (Schedule 2) Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Impairment of tangible capital assets	_	- - -	20,000 2,276 - 22,276	147,290 - (7,500) 139,790
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)		(57,541)	(173,688)	26,683
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,934,474	3,934,474	3,907,975
Restatement (Note 17)		15,586	15,586	15,402
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED		3,950,060	3,950,060	3,923,377
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR (Note 8)	\$	3,892,519	\$ 3,776,372	\$ 3,950,060

# VILLAGE OF INNISFREE Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019 (Budget) (Note 15)		2019 (Actual)		•	2018 Restated) Note 17)
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$	(57,541)	\$	(173,688)	\$	26,683
Amortization of tangible capital assets Purchase of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Gains on disposal of tangible capital assets Impairment of tangible capital assets		119,140 (393,061) - - -		160,750 (20,000) 3,676 (2,276)		155,720 (147,290) - - - 7,500
(Acquisition) use of prepaid expenses		(273,921)		142,150 5,348		15,930 (869)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		(331,462)		(26,190)		41,744
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		430,871		430,870		389,126
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	99,409	\$	404,680	\$	430,870

# VILLAGE OF INNISFREE Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019	2018 Restated) (Note 17)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Annual surplus (deficit)  Items not affecting cash:	\$ (173,688)	\$ 26,683
Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	160,750 (2,276)	155,720
Impairment of tangible capital assets	 -	7,500
	 (15,214)	189,903
Changes in non-cash working capital: Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable	(1,890)	15,107
Trade and other receivables	(8,013)	(12,461)
Due from other governments	(188,264)	(115,899)
Prepaid expenses	5,348	(869)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(64,538)	81,089
Deferred revenue	210,906	61,038
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	 (42,782)	-
	 (89,233)	28,005
	 (104,447)	217,908
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment	(20,000)	(147,290)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	 3,676	
	 (16,324)	(147,290)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW	(120,771)	70,618
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 393,746	323,128
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 272,975	\$ 393,746

# VILLAGE OF INNISFREE Schedule of Property Taxes Levied For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Schedule 1)

		2019 (Budget) Note 15)		2019 (Actual)	2018 (Restated) (Note 17)		
TAXATION  Real property taxes Linear property taxes Government grants in place of property taxes	\$	286,840 - -	\$	261,363 26,753 881	\$	259,448 23,852 840	
		286,840		288,997		284,140	
REQUISITIONS Alberta school foundation M.D. of Minburn foundation Designated industrial properties		35,684 1,888 -		36,632 1,889 87		37,089 1,898 38	
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	<u> </u>	37,572 249,268	<b>\$</b>	38,608 250,389	\$	39,025 245,115	

# VILLAGE OF INNISFREE Schedule of Government Transfers For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Schedule 2)

	2019 Budget) Note 15)	2019 (Actual)	2018 (Restated) (Note 17)		
TRANSFER FOR OPERATING Provincial government Local governments Federal government	\$ 40,311 40,120 11,675	\$ 59,127 34,793 6,120	\$	40,343 42,053 1,503	
TRANSFER FOR CAPITAL Provincial government	 92,106	100,040 20,000		83,899 147,290	
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$ 92,106	\$ 120,040	\$	231,189	

VILLAGE OF INNISFREE
Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Schedule 3)

		Land	l	Buildings	achinery & Equipment	Vehicles	Engineered Structures	nstruction Progress	2019	2018 (Restated) (Note 17)
Cost  Balance, beginning of year Additions Disposals Transfers	\$	113,628 - -	\$	659,313 - - -	\$ 336,436 - -	\$ 140,200 20,000 (28,500)	\$ 5,665,512 - - 147,290	\$ 147,290 - - (147,290)	\$ 7,062,379 20,000 (28,500)	\$ 6,915,089 147,290 -
Balance, end of year	<del></del>	113,628	\$	659,313	\$ 336,436	\$ 131,700	\$ 5,812,802	\$ -	\$ 7,053,879	\$ 7,062,379
Accumulated Amortization Balance, beginning of year Amortization Disposals Impairment	\$	- - - -	\$	210,656 13,190 - -	\$ 209,315 19,354 - -	\$ 83,493 8,188 (27,100)	\$ 3,045,638 120,018 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 3,549,102 160,750 (27,100)	\$ 3,385,882 155,720 - 7,500
Balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	223,846	\$ 228,669	\$ 64,581	\$ 3,165,656	\$ -	\$ 3,682,752	\$ 3,549,102
Net Book Value	\$	113,628	\$	435,467	\$ 107,767	\$ 67,119	\$ 2,647,146	\$ -	\$ 3,371,127	\$ 3,513,277

# VILLAGE OF INNISFREE Schedule of Equity in Tangible Capital Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Schedule 4)

		2019	2018 (Restated) (Note 17)
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR  Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Net book value of tangible capital assets disposed of Impairment of tangible capital assets	\$	3,513,277 (160,750) 20,000 (1,400)	\$ 3,529,207 (155,720) 147,290 - (7,500)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	3,371,127	\$ 3,513,277
Equity in tangible capital assets is comprised of the following:  Tangible capital assets (net book value)	\$	3,371,127	\$ 3,513,277

VILLAGE OF INNISFREE
Schedule of Segmented Disclosure
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Schedule 5)

	General Government		Protective Services		Transportation		Public Utilities		Planning & Development and Public Health		Recreation & Culture			2019		2018 Restated) (Note 17)
REVENUE																
Net municipal taxes	\$	250,389	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	250,389	\$	245,115
Sales and user charges		917	-	-	•	4,914	•	201,672		-	•	24,170	-	231,673	-	230,401
Government transfers		61,232		34,793		2,100		<u>-</u>		20,000		1,915		120,040		231,189
Franchise and concession contracts		38,649		- -		-		_		-		- -		38,649		37,277
Penalties and costs on taxes		26,880		-		-		2,444		-		-		29,324		35,681
Other revenues		9,868		985		-		-		125		-		10,978		22,978
Rentals		6,191		-		-		-		-		-		6,191		6,955
Investment income		2,579		-				-		-		-		2,579		4,339
		396,705		35,778		7,014		204,116		20,125		26,085		689,823		813,935
EXPENSES																
Contracted services		123,122		16,467		127,698		25,299		15,580		12,154		320,320		234,621
Materials, goods and supplies		12,155		12,956		82,192		76,847		-		16,296		200,446		210,075
Salaries, wages and benefits		73,969		20,691		29,029		40,917		-		4,614		169,220		154,657
Provision for allowance		3,389		-		-		-		-		-		3,389		15,410
Transfers to local boards and agencies		1,212		1,427		-		-		1,838		4,648		9,125		6,643
Other expenses		2,537		-		-		-		-		-		2,537		2,627
		216,384		51,541		238,919		143,063		17,418		37,712		705,037		624,033
OTHER INCOME																
Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain (loss) on disposal of		(600)		(2,508)		(45,004)		(101,942)		-		(10,696)		(160,750)		(155,719)
tangible capital assets		_		_		2,176		_		_		100		2,276		_
Impairment of tangible capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		(7,500)
		(600)		(2,508)		(42,828)		(101,942)		-		(10,596)		(158,474)		(163,219)
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$	179,721	\$	(18,271)	\$ (	(274,733)	\$	(40,889)	\$	2,707	\$	(22,223)	\$	(173,688)	\$	26,683

# VILLAGE OF INNISFREE Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Innisfree (the "Village") are the representation of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Village are as follows.

### (a) Reporting entity

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, changes in net financial position and cash flow of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Village and are, therefore, accountable to Village Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

### (b) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

# (c) Cash

Cash consists of deposits held with a Canadian financial institution less any cheques written in excess of the bank balance.

#### (d) Landfill closure and post-closure liability

Pursuant to the *Environmental Enhancement and Protection Act* (Alberta), the Village is required to fund the closure of its landfill sites and provide for post-closure care of the facility. Closure and post-closure activities include the final clay cover, landscaping, as well as surface and ground water monitoring, leachate control, and visual inspection. The requirement is being provided over the estimated remaining life of the landfill sites based on usage.

The annual provision is reported as an operating expense in solid waste services and the liability is reported as a liability of the Statement of Financial Position.

#### (e) Tax revenue

Property tax revenue is based on market value of assessments determined in accordance with the *Municipal Government Act*. Tax rates are established annually. Taxation revenues are recorded at the time tax notices are issued. Assessments are subject to appeal.

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special property assessments during the period of the related borrowing. These levies are collectible from property owners for work performed by the Village. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues to be received from local improvement assessments are recognized in full in the period the local improvement project costs are incurred and the passing of the related imposition by-law.

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# 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# (f) Requisition over-levies and under-levies

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. In situations where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

# (g) Government transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occurred, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met by the Village, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

### (h) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

#### (i) Tangible capital assets

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Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital asset is amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis at the following rates:

Buildings	25 - 50 Years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20 Years
Vehicles	3 - 20 Years
Engineered structures	
Water system	35 - 75 Years
Wastewater system	35 - 75 Years
Other engineered systems	15 - 40 Years

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

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# 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# (j) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectibility and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary. The amounts recorded for valuation of tangible capital assets, the useful lives and related amortization of tangible capital assets, landfill closure and post-closure costs, and contingent liabilities are areas where management makes significant estimates and assumptions in determining the amounts to be recorded in the financial statements

### (k) Future changes in significant accounting policies

The following summarizes upcoming changes to the Canadian public sector accounting standards. The Village will continue to assess the impact and prepare for the adoption of these standards

#### (i) Financial statement presentation

PS 1201, Financial Statement Presentation, requires a new statement of re-measurement gains and losses separate from the statement of operations. Included in this new statement are the unrealized gains and losses arising form the re-measurement of financial instruments and items denominated in foreign currencies, as well as the government's proportionate share of other comprehensive income that arises when a government includes the results of government business enterprises and partnerships. This standard is applicable for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

# (ii) Foreign currency translation

PS 2601, Foreign Currency Translation, requires that monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency be adjusted to reflect the exchange rates in effect at the financial statement dates. Unrealized gains and losses are to be presented in the new statement of re-measurement gains and losses. This standard must be adopted in conjunction with PS 2601 and PS 3450 and is applicable for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

# (iii) Portfolio investments

PS 3041, Portfolio Investments, has removed the distinction between temporary and portfolio investments and amended to to conform to PS 3405. This standard must be adopted in conjunction with PS 1201, PS 2601, and PS 3450 and is applicable for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

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# 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Future changes in significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (iv) Financial instruments

PS 3450, Financial Instruments, established recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements for derivative and non-derivative financial instruments. The standard requires fair value measurement of derivative and equity instruments; all other financial instruments can be measured at cost/amortized cost or fair value at the election of the government. Unrealized gains and losses are presented in a new statement of re-measurement gains and losses. There is the requirement to disclose the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and clarification is given for the de-recognition of financial liabilities. This standard is applicable for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

# (v) Asset retirement obligations

PS 3280, Asset Retirement Obligations, establishes standards on how to account and report for legal obligations associated with the retirement of certain tangible capital assets including solid waste landfill sites. As a result, PS 3270, Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability has been withdrawn but will remain in effect until the adoption of PS 3280. This standard is applicable for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

# (vi) Revenue

PS 3400, Revenue, establishes standards on how to account for and report revenue differentiating between revenue arising from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not. This standard is applicable to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

### 2. TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE

۷.	TAXES AND GRANTS IN FEACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE	2019	2018
	Current receivables Receivables in arrears	\$ 73,128 106,247	\$ 76,449 92,290
	Allowance for doubtful accounts	179,375 (23,690)	168,739 (14,944)
		\$ 155,685	\$ 153,795
3.	RECEIVABLE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS	2019	2018
	Due from other governments Goods and Services Tax recoverable	\$  617,848 18,323	\$ 427,904 20,003
		\$ 636.171	\$ 447.907

# 4. OPERATING LINE OF CREDIT

The Village has access to a credit facility with ATB Financial, which includes an approved revolving operating line, (Overdraft Facility #2), that can be drawn upon to a maximum of \$120,000, which bears interest at the prime rate less 0.25% and is secured by all assets of the Village at large. As at December 31, 2019, the Village had not drawn on the operating line (2018 - \$NIL).

# 5. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue is comprised of the following amounts, which have been received from various third parties and are restricted to the eligible operating and capital projects as approved in the funding agreements for a specified purpose. Additions are composed of both contributions and interest earned during the year. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related costs are incurred.

Revenue

		2018		Additions	 cognized	2019
Federal Gas Tax grant	\$	226,579	\$	101,570	\$ -	\$ 328,149
Municipal Sustainability Initiative		114,258		130,082	20,000	224,340
Other		-		16,186	-	16,186
Federal Enabling Accessibility gran	t	16,932		(16,932)	-	-
	\$	357,769	\$	230,906	\$ 20,000	\$ 568,675

#### 6. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY

The Village has an operating agreement with other local municipalities in the operation of Manville landfill site. The Village is liable for 9.8% of the closure and post-closure costs of the transfer station's facilities. The landfill site has been closed and is inactive from accepting further waste.

Alberta environmental law requires closure and post-closure care of landfill sites, which includes final covering and landscaping, pumping of ground water and leachates from the sites, and ongoing environmental monitoring, sites inspections and maintenance.

The estimated total liability is based on the sum of the discounted future cash flows for closure and post-closure activities for 25 years after closure using a discount rate of 2.71% (2018 - 1.50%) and assuming an annual inflation of 2.10% (2018 - 2.50%).

The accrued liability portion is based on the cumulative capacity used at year end compared to the estimated total landfill capacity. At December 31, 2019, approximately 100% (2018 - 100%) of the aggregate landfill capacity has been utilized.

		2018		
Estimated closure costs Estimated post-closure costs	\$	87,330 10,219	\$	82,727 57,604
Estimated total liability		97,549		140,331
Percentage of liability accrued by the Village Amount accrued by the Village		100 % 97,549		100 % 140,331
Estimated liability still to be accrued	\$	-	\$	

The Village has not designated assets for setting closure and post-closure liabilities.

#### 7. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the *Municipal Government Act* requires that debt and debt limits, as defined by *Alberta Regulation 255/2000*, for the Village be disclosed as follows:

	2019			2018		
Total debt limit Total debt	\$	1,004,735	\$	999,968		
Amount of debt limit unused	\$	1,004,735	\$	999,968		
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	\$	167,456 -	\$	166,661 -		
Amount of service on debt limit unused	\$	167,456	\$	166,661		

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the Village (as defined in *Alberta Regulation 255/2000*) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limits requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities which could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the Village. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

# 8. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

		2019		
Unrestricted surplus	\$	230,745	\$	310,283
Reserves				
Public works		43,500		34,000
Sewer system		41,000		31,000
General capital		33,000		14,500
Recreation		25,000		20,000
Fire		22,000		18,000
Water system		5,000		5,000
General		5,000		4,000
		174,500		126,500
Equity in tangible capital assets	_	3,371,127		3,513,277
	\$	3,776,372	\$	3,950,060

#### 9. FRANCHISE AND CONCESSION CONTRACTS

Disclosure of utility franchise agreement annual revenues as required by *Alberta Regulation* 313/2000 is as follows:

	2019		2018	
ATCO Gas and Pipelines Ltd. ATCO Electric Ltd.	\$	24,015 14,634	\$	20,539 16,738
	<del></del> \$	38,649	\$	37,277

#### 10. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The Village is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange ("MUNIX"). Under the terms of membership, the Village could become liable for its proportionate shares of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

The Village is a defendant in a lawsuit arising in the normal course of operations. Management is of the opinion that the results of this action should not have any material effect on the financial position of the Village. No amounts have been accrued in these financial statements relating to this claim. Any awards or settlements will be reflected in the Statement of Operations as the matters are resolved or when sufficient information on amounts and likelihood are known.

# 11. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Village is a partner in the Alberta Central East Water Corporation ("ACE") regional water system project to design and construct a water transfer and pump station, three fill stations, a truck fill station, and 246 kilometres of pipeline. The Government of Alberta is committed to fund approximately 90% of the estimated project costs as part of the Alberta Water for Life Program. The remaining 10% of costs will be distributed between the municipal partners. As of December 31, 2019, the Village's share of the remaining construction cost was estimated at \$63,393.

As the regional water system is not a Village owned asset, none of the related liabilities, funding, or expenditures are reflected in the Village's financial statement except for the Village's portion and consumption costs.

In 2020, the Village entered

#### 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 17, 2020, the Government of Alberta declared a public health emergency in response to the coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") outbreak. The measures implemented by governments, businesses, and other organizations to safeguard against COVID-19 may have a significant effect on the Village's future operations. An estimate of the financial effects, if any, cannot be made at this time.

# VILLAGE OF INNISFREE Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### 13. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Village provides a range of services to its taxpayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

#### (a) General Government

General Government is comprised of Village Council, the Office of the Chief Administrative Officer, and Corporate Services. Corporate Services is comprised of Financial Services and Human Resources.

Council makes decisions regarding service delivery and service levels on behalf of the Village in order to balance the needs and wants of Village residents in a financial responsible manager.

### (b) Protective Services

Protective Services is comprised of Fire and Municipal Enforcement Services. Fire Services is responsible to provide fire suppression services; fire prevention programs; training and education related to fire prevention; and the detection and/or extinguishments of fires. Municipal Enforcement Services provide bylaw enforcement that ranges from community standards, to traffic safety, to animal control as well as provincial statue enforcement with authorities granted by the Solicitor General of Alberta.

# (c) Transportation

Transportation is comprised of Common Services and the Public Works area. They are responsible for the maintenance of the roadway and storm systems of the Village.

#### (d) Public Utilities

Public Utilities are comprised of water, waste water, and waste management services. They are responsible for providing a water supply, a sanitary sewage collection and disposal system, and a waste disposal service.

#### (e) Public Health

Public Health provides services mandated by Family and Community Support Services Alberta through a shared funding model between the Province of Alberta and the Village.

#### (f) Planning and Development

Planning and Development is responsible for the planning and development of the Village's infrastructure system and work with developers in planning the growth of the Village is a sustainable manner.

#### (g) Recreation and Culture

Recreation and Culture provide recreational and cultural services and activities which promote the well-being of its citizens. These areas are responsible for the parks, playgrounds, facilities, and green spaces of the Village. This area also acts as a liaison between community groups and providing grant funding.

(continues)

# 13. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE (continued)

Certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. Net municipal taxes are unallocated to segments and are presented under General Revenue. Sales and user charges have been allocated to the segment based upon the segment that generated the revenue. Government transfers have been allocated to the segment based upon the purpose for which the transfer was made. For additional information see the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 5).

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Villages's financial instruments consist of cash, taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable, trade and other receivables, due from other governments, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. It is management's opinion that the Village is not exposed to significant market, liquidity and currency risk arising from these financial instruments.

The Village is exposed to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Village provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfil their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

The Village is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to the operating line of credit. Interest rate risk arises from interest rate fluctuations through its variable interest line of credit. As at December 31, 2019, no balance was drawn on the operating line of credit.

Unless otherwise noted, the fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values.

#### 15. BUDGET

Budget figures presented in these financial statements are based on the 2019 operating budget adopted by Council on July 16, 2019. The Village compiles a budget on a modified accrual basis. The reconciliation below adjusts annual surplus (deficit) to algin with the budget process. It should not be used as a replacement for the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus. Users should note that this information may not be appropriate for their purposes.

	2019	2019	2018
	 Budget	Actual	Actual
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (57,541)	\$ (173,688)	\$ 26,683
Add Back: Transfers to reserves	59.470	48.000	
Transfers to reserves	 59,470	40,000	-
	\$ 1,929	\$ (125,688)	\$ 26,683

#### 16. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Council and management have approved these financial statements on September 15, 2020.

#### 17. RESTATEMENT

The Village has previously expensed a loader as opposed to recording a tangible capital asset.

A vehicle in the Village's possession was no longer available for service as at December 31, 2018. No impairment was recorded to reflect the change in the vehicle's service potential. Insurance proceeds was receivable as a result of the impairment and was not accrued.

For the year-ended December 31, 2018, the Village had under-levied for the Alberta School Foundation Fund requisition. No accrual was recorded to reflect the under-levy.

Last, the Village has identified expenses that have been recorded in the incorrect reporting period.

The effect on the financial statements has been as follows:

- Increase to trade and other receivables of \$12,564
- Increase to tangible capital asset of \$5,827
- Increase to prepaid expenses of \$5,913
- Increase to accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$8,715
- Increase to annual surplus by \$184
- Increase to opening accumulated surplus by \$15,402.

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

#### 18. SALARIES AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for Village officials, the Chief Administrative Officer and designated officers are required by *Alberta Regulation 313/2000*, is as follows:

	S	alary (1)	В	enefits (2)	2019	•	2018 Restated) Note 17)
Mayor D. McMann	\$	3,450	\$	-	\$ 3,450	\$	4,424
Councillor A. Cannan		1,350		-	1,350		2,326
Councillor W. Oudshoorn		2,378		-	2,378		2,242
	\$	7,178	\$	-	\$ 7,178	\$	8,992
Chief administrative officer	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$ 50,000	\$	57,980
Designated officer (contract)		4,520		<u> </u>	 4,520		4,520
	\$	54,520	\$	-	\$ 54,520	\$	62,500

<sup>(1)</sup> Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.

<sup>(2)</sup> Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition's.